

SDS prepared by Steve Davis of Aardvark Clay & Supplies

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Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name TC110 – Tom Coleman Carbon Trap Orange Shino

Synonym Ceramic Glaze - dry

Supplier/ Aardvark Clay & Supplies
Manufacturer 1400 East Pomona St.
Santa Ana, Ca. 92705 USA

714-541-4157 phone 714-541-2021 fax contact@aardvarkclay.com

Emergency Phone Number 911

Product Use Pottery Manufacturing

Restrictions on use Not applicable

Section 2. Hazards Identification

GHS/Hazcom 2012 Labels	GHS/Hazcom 2012 Classifications:				
	Health:				
	CARCINOGENICITY (Inhalation) - Category 1A (quartz) (See Section	n 11 for carcinogen listings)			
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Repeated Exposure) (respiratory tract) (inhalation) - Category 1 (quartz)				
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Single Exposure) (respiratory tract) (inhalation) - Category 3 (quartz)				
	EYE IRRITANT - Category 2A (quartz, sodium carbonate)				
	SKIN IRRITANT - Category 2 (quartz)				
Signal Word:	Environmental: Physical:				
Danger	Not Hazardous Not Hazardous				

Hazard Statements:					
Health:					
H334	4 May cause allergy or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation				
H319	Causes serious eye irritation H350 May cause cancer.				
H372	H372 Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).				
Environmental:		Physical:			
Not hazardous		Not hazardous			

	<u> </u>						
Precau	ition Statements:						
Prever	ntion						
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.						
P260	Do not breathe dust/spray.		P270	Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.			
P262	Do not get into eyes, on skin, or on o	clothing.	P273	Avoid release to the environment.			
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handli	ng.	P284	[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.			
P272	Contaminated clothing should not be	e allowed out of the	P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/			
	workplace.			face protection.			
P202	Do not handle until all safety precau	tions have been read and un	derstood				
Response							
P305+	+ IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.		P301+	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting.			
P351+	Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue		P330+				
P338	rinsing.						
P337+	If eye irritation persists, get medical	advice/attention.	P308+	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.			
P313				in exposed or concerned. Get medical advice/attention.			
P333+	If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get	medical advice/attention.	P391	Collect Spillage.			
P313							
Storag	e		Dispos	al			
P402	Store in a dry place.		P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with			
P403	Store in a well ventilated place.			local/regional/national/international regulations.			
P404	Store in a closed container.						
Hazard	ds not otherwise classified:	Slippery when wet.	% of ir	ngredients with unknown acute toxicity: None known.			



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Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture:

Mixture - A trade secret claim is made for this glaze.

Chemical		CAS Number	Ingredients	Chemical % of Mixture	
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica) SiO2		CAS # 14808-60-7	Feldspar, Ball Clay, Kaolin	<20	
Kaolinite Al2O3.2SiO2.2H2O		CAS # 1332-58-7	Ball Clay, Kaolin	<25	
Sodium Carbonate , anhydrous Na2CO3		CAS # 497-19-8	Soda Ash	<20	

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first-aid Measures:				
First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
	If you feel unwell, seek medical attention.			
First-aid measures after inhalation	Move victim to well ventilated area. If mechanical discomfort persists, seek medical attention.			
First-aid measures after skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with soap and warm water.			
	Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.			
First-aid measures after eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and			
	easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking, or redness persists.			
First-aid measures after ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Unlikely to be toxic by ingestion.			
	If discomfort persists, seek medical attention.			
Most Important Symptoms and Eff	Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed:			
Symptoms/injuries	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).			
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation.			
	Dust from this product may cause irritation to the respiratory tract.			
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.			
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.			
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	If a large quantity has been ingested, intestinal blockage and/or			
Gastro-intestinal irritation may result.				
Chronic symptoms	Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung			
	damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing,			
	cough, fever, and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.			

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

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Suitable extinguishing media	This product is not combustible.		
	Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No restrictions on extinguishing media for this mixture.		
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	This mixture is not flammable and does not support fire		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	This mixture does not contain hazardous decomposition products.		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Product can become slippery when wet.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment.		

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Use of personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of dust. Wear a N-95 face mask when cleaning up dust.		
Emergency procedures	There are no emergency procedures required for this mixture.		
Methods and Materials for containment	There are no special spill measures that apply for this mixture.		
Clean up procedures	For dusts, use a vacuum to clean up spillage.		
	If appropriate, use gentle water spray to wet down and minimize dust generation.		
	Place waste in a sealed container. Wear a N-95 face mask when cleaning up dust.		

Section 7. Handling & Storage

Precautions for safe handling	Keep bags out of direct sunlight. Do not expose dry glaze to moisture until		
	use. Do not expose liquid glaze to freezing.		
	Use proper lifting techniques to avoid physical injury.		
Recommendations on the conditions for safe storage	No special storage considerations, but keep in a dry, cool location.		



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Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection					
Chemical	CAS Number	Occupational Exposure Limits			
Quartz,(Crystalline Silica)	CAS#14808-60-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.025 mg/ m³ (respirable)			
SiO2		OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m³/ divided by the value "%SiO2" + 2 (respirable)			
		OSHA PEL: TWA 30 mg/m³/ divided by the value "%SiO2" + 2 (total dust)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .05 mg/ m³ (respirable)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .3 mg/ m³ (total)			
Kaolinite	CAS#1332-58-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m³ (respirable) / particulate matter containing no			
Al2O3.2SiO2.2H2O		asbestos and <1% crystalline silica (respirable)			
		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable)			
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m³ (total)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/ m³ (respirable)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established (total)			
Sodium Carbonate, anhydrous	CAS # 497-19-8	ACGIH TLV: TWA not established			
Na2CO3		OSHA PEL: TWA not established			
		OSHA PEL: TWA not established			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established			

Appropriate engineering controls: When mixing dry glazes, use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as required to maintain exposures below applicable occupational exposure limits (TLV).

Recommendations for personal protective measures

Local Exhaust: When mixing glazes, use sufficient local exhaust to reduce the level of respirable dust to the applicable standards set forth in Section III - ACGIH "Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practice," latest edition.

Respiratory Protection: Dust is generated when working with dry glaze. To minimize exposure to dust and/or crystalline silica(quartz), the mixing of dry glaze materials should be conducted with sufficient ventilation. Respirable dust and quartz levels should be monitored regularly. Dust and quartz levels in excess of appropriate exposure limits should be reduced by feasible engineering controls, including (but not limited to) wet suppression, ventilation, and process enclosure. When such controls are not feasible, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators must be worn in accordance with a respiratory protection program which meets OSHA requirements as set forth at 29 CFR1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2-1080 - "Practices for Respiratory Protection".

In most cases, a disposable N-95 Particulate Respirator is sufficient.

Eye Protection: Use NIOSH/OSHA approved safety glasses with side shields. Face shields can also be used when mixing dry glaze. Wear tight fitting dust goggles when excessively (visible) dusty conditions are present or are anticipated.

NIOSH recommends that contact lenses not be worn when working with crystalline silica dust.

Skin Protection: Use gloves and/or protective clothing if abrasion or allergic reactions are experienced.

 $\label{prop:work-Hygienic Practices:} \textbf{Avoid creating and breathing dust.}$

Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved dust mask when working in dust conditions - (N-95).

Food, beverages, and smoking materials should NOT be in the work area.

Persons using ceramic materials should wash thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or applying cosmetics.

Protective Clothing Pictograms





N-95 face mask

Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

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Physical State	Powder
Appearance	Tinted Powder
Odor	None
Odor Threshold	Not Applicable
pH	6-8
Solubility in Water	None
Melting Point	> 1300 °C (>2380°F)
Freezing Point	< 0 °C (<32°F)
Specific Gravity / Relative Density	2.35 g/cc
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Flash Point	Not Applicable
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not Applicable
Decomposition Temperature	Not Applicable
Flammability	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable
Vapor Density	Not Applicable
Explosive Limits	Not Applicable
Viscosity	Not Applicable
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not Applicable
Initial Boiling Point & Boiling Range	Not Applicable



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Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity	Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.		
Chemical stability	Stable at standard temperature and pressure. No stabilizers required to maintain chemical stability.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid	None known		
Incompatible materials	None known		
Hazardous decomposition products	None known		

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Exposure	Inhalation of dust,	Inhalation of dust, Ingestion				
Descriptions of the delayed, immediate, or chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure						
Inhalation	Inhalation of high co	nhalation of high concentrations of glaze dust may cause mechanical irritation and				
	discomfort. Long te	rm exposur	e may cause ch	ronic effect	S.	
Eye Contact	Not a primary eye ir	ritant. May	cause mechar	nical irritatio	n.	
Skin Contact/Irritation	Not a primary skin i	rritant. Not	absorbed thro	ugh skin. Ma	ay cause dry skin.	
Sensitization	Not a sensitizer					
Ingestion	Not an ingestion ha	zard. If a la	rge quantity ha	s been inges	sted, intestinal blockag	ge and/or
	gastrointestinal irrit	ation may	result.			
Chronic Effects						
OSHA Carcinogen	Lung cancer – Cryst	aline silica l	has been classi	fied by OSHA	A as a human lung card	inogen.
Mutagenic Effects	None Known	None Known				
Teratogenic Effects	None Known	None Known				
Developmental Toxicity	None Known	None Known				
Effects of Silicosis			Symptoms of	Silicosis		
Bronchitis/Chronic Obstructive Pulmo	nary Disorder.		Shortness of I	breath; poss	ible fever.	
Tuberculosis – Silicosis makes an indiv	vidual more susceptible t	to TB.	Fatigue; loss of	of appetite.		
Scleroderma – a disease affecting skir	, blood vessels, joints ar	nd skeletal				
muscles. Possible renal disease.		Respiratory failure, which may eventually lead to d		o death.		
Remarks						
	Repeated or long term e					
1	the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fev			ugh, fever,		
	and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal. Short term exposure is of little concern.					
Numerical Measures of toxicity	None Known					
OSHA, IARC, and NTP Carcinogen Classifications						
Chemical with Carcinogen Potential		С	AS#	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO2	CAS # 1	L4808-60-7	Yes	Yes - Group 1	Yes

Section 12. Ecological Information (non-mandatory)

Ecotoxicity	None Known
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5)	None Known
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	None Known
Products of Biodegradation	None Known
Toxicity of the products of Biodegradation	None Known
Bioaccumulation Potential	None Known
Potential to move from soil to groundwater	None Known
Other adverse effects	None Known

13. Disposal Considerations

Personal Protection	Refer to Section 8: "Recommendations for Personal Protective Measures" when disposing of glaze		
	waste.		
Appropriate disposal containers	Standard waste disposal containers – no specials requirements.		
Appropriate disposal methods	Disposal of this product should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. In most cases, this is normal waste disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized. Dispose of non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.		



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13. Disposal Considerations			
Physical and chemical properties	Glaze waste should be placed in a sealed container or in a manner that reduces or eliminates the		
that may affect disposal	release of the product. Packaging should be recycled before disposal.		
Sewage disposal	Do not dispose of into sinks or toilets. They will clog.		
	Never dispose of this product into a sewer system.		
Special precautions for landfills	There are no special precautions for disposal in a landfill.		
or incineration activities	This product is non-combustible and is not suitable for incineration.		

Section 14. Transportation Information

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class	Packing Group Number	Bulk Transport Guidance	Special Precautions
DOT Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
TDG Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	=	-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	=	-
IMDG Class	Not regulated	-	=	-	-	-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act - EPA	Quartz and other chemicals are listed in the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory
California Prop. 65	WARNING This product can expose you to quartz which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov
SARA/Title III (Emergency Planning & Community Right-to-Know Act)	This mixture contains no substances at or above the reporting threshold under Section 313, based on available data.

Section 16. Other Information

Definitions

OSHA means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

IARC means International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP means National Toxicology Program

CAS means Chemical Abstract Service

ACGIH means American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAL-OSHA means California OSHA, most CAL-OSHA standards defer to the federal OSHA standards

OSHA means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

OSHA PEL means OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit

TWA means Time Weighted Average (average exposure on the basis of an 8h/day, 40h/week work schedule)

TLV means Threshold Limit Value - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

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