

Section 1. Product and Company Identification




Product Name: TC108 – Tom Coleman Vegas Red
Synonym: Ceramic Glaze – dry
Supplier/ Aardvark Clay & Supplies
Manufacturer: 1400 East Pomona St.
 Santa Ana, Ca. 92705 USA
 714-541-4157 phone
 714-541-2021 fax
contact@aardvarkclay.com

Emergency Phone Number: 911

Product Use: Pottery Manufacturing

Restrictions on use: Not applicable

Section 2. Hazards Identification

GHS/Hazcom 2012 Labels	GHS/Hazcom 2012 Classifications:
	Health:
	CARCINOGENICITY (Inhalation) - Category 1A (quartz, dolomite) (See Section 11 for carcinogen listings) SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Repeated Exposure) (respiratory tract) (inhalation) - Category 1 (quartz)
	ACUTE TOXICITY (Oral) - Category 4 (barium carbonate, copper carbonate)
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Single Exposure) (respiratory tract) (inhalation) - Category 3 (quartz)
	EYE IRRITANT - Category 2A (quartz)
	SKIN IRRITANT - Category 2 (quartz)
	Environmental:
	ACUTE HAZARD TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - Category 1 (zinc oxide)
	CHRONIC HAZARD TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - Category 1 (zinc oxide)
Signal Word:	Physical:
Danger	Not Hazardous

Hazard Statements:			
Health:			
H303	May be harmful if swallowed.	H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H372	Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).	H316	Causes mild skin irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.		
Environmental:		Physical:	
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.	Not hazardous	
H413	May cause long-lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.		

Precaution Statements:			
Prevention			
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.	P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/spray.	P270	Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.	P284	[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
Response			
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.	P391	Collect Spillage.
P334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	P308+ P313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P305+ P351+ P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.	P301+ P330+ P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting

Safety Data Sheet

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Response, continued			
P337+	If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.	P304+	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P313		P340	
		P304+	IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
		P312	
Storage		Disposal	
P402	Store in a dry place.	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
P403	Store in a well ventilated place.		
P404	Store in a closed container.		
P405	Store locked up.		
P233	Keep container tightly closed.		
Hazards not otherwise classified:		Slippery when wet.	% of ingredients with unknown acute toxicity: None known.

Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture:

Mixture - A trade secret claim is made for this glaze.

Chemical	CAS Number	Ingredients	Chemical % of Mixture
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica) SiO ₂	CAS # 14808-60-7	Feldspar, Silica, Whiting, Kaolin, Dolomite	<25
Kaolinite Al ₂ O ₃ .2SiO ₂ .2H ₂ O	CAS # 1332-58-7	Kaolin	<5
Sodium-Calcium Pentaborate Octahydrate Na ₂ O.2CaO.5B ₂ O ₃ .5H ₂ O	CAS # 1319-33-1	Ulexite from Gerstley Borate	<5
Di-Calcium Hexaborate Pentahydrate Ca ₂ B ₆ O ₁₁ .5H ₂ O	CAS # 12291-65-5	Colemanite from Gerstley Borate	<10
Calcium Magnesium Carbonate CaMg(CO ₃) ₂	CAS # 16389-88-1	Dolomite	<10
Calcium Carbonate CaCO ₃	CAS # 1317-65-3	Limestone (Whiting)	<10
Zinc Oxide ZnO	CAS # 1314-13-2	Zinc Oxide	<1
Barium Carbonate BaCO ₃	CAS # 513-77-9	Barium Carbonate	<5
Copper Carbonate CuCO ₃	CAS # 12069-69-1	Copper Carbonate	<1
Stannic Oxide – Tin (IV) Oxide SnO ₂	CAS # 18282-10-5	Tin Oxide	<5

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first-aid Measures:	
First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation	Move victim to well ventilated area. If mechanical discomfort persists, seek medical attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with soap and warm water. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking, or redness persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Small amount unlikely to be toxic by ingestion. If large amount ingested or if discomfort persist, drink two glasses of water and seek medical attention.
Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed:	
Symptoms/injuries	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation. Dust from this product may cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	If a large quantity has been ingested, intestinal blockage and/or gastro-intestinal irritation may result.
Chronic symptoms	Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Suitable extinguishing media	This product is not combustible. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No restrictions on extinguishing media for this mixture.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	This mixture is not flammable and does not support fire
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	This mixture does not contain hazardous decomposition products.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Product can become slippery when wet.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Use of personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of dust. Wear a N-95 face mask when cleaning up dust.
Emergency procedures	There are no emergency procedures required for this mixture.
Methods and Materials for containment	There are no special spill measures that apply for this mixture.
Clean up procedures	For dusts, use a vacuum to clean up spillage. If appropriate, use gentle water spray to wet down and minimize dust generation. Place waste in a sealed container.

Section 7. Handling & Storage

Precautions for safe handling	Keep bags out of direct sunlight. Do not expose dry glaze to moisture until use. Do not expose liquid glaze to freezing. Use proper lifting techniques to avoid physical injury.
Recommendations on the conditions for safe storage	No special storage considerations, but keep in a dry, cool location.

Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical	CAS Number	Occupational Exposure Limits
Quartz,(Crystalline Silica) SiO ₂	CAS#14808-60-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.025 mg/ m ³ (respirable) OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m ³ / divided by the value "%SiO ₂ " + 2 (respirable) OSHA PEL: TWA 30 mg/m ³ / divided by the value "%SiO ₂ " + 2 (total dust) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .05 mg/ m ³ (respirable) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .3 mg/ m ³ (total)
Kaolinite Al ₂ O ₃ .2SiO ₂ .2H ₂ O	CAS#1332-58-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m ³ (respirable) / particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica (respirable) OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/ m ³ (respirable) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established (total)
Sodium-Calcium Pentaborate Octahydrate Na _{0.2} Ca _{0.5} B ₂ O ₃ .5H ₂ O	CAS # 1319-33-1	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/ m ³
Di-Calcium Hexaborate Pentahydrate Ca ₂ B ₆ O ₁₁ .5H ₂ O	CAS # 12291-65-5	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/ m ³
Calcium Magnesium Carbonate CaMg(CO ₃) ₂	CAS # 16389-88-1	ACGIH TLV: TWA 10 mg/ m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/ m ³
Calcium Carbonate CaCO ₃	CAS# 1317-65-3	ACGIH TLV: Not Established OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/ m ³ (respirable) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/ m ³ (total)
Zinc Oxide ZnO	CAS # 1314-13-2	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total) CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established
Barium Carbonate BaCO ₃	CAS# 513-77-9	ACGIH TLV: TWA 3 mg/ m ³ (respirable) (as Ba) OSHA PEL: TWA 0.5 mg/ m ³ (total dust) (as Ba)
Copper (II) Carbonate CuCO ₃	CAS # 12069-69-1	No Occupational Exposure Limits are listed for this chemical.
Stannic Oxide – Tin (IV) Oxide SnO ₂	CAS # 18282-10-5	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m ³ OSHA PEL: TWA not established CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established

Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Appropriate engineering controls: When mixing dry glazes, use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as required to maintain exposures below applicable occupational exposure limits (TLV).

Recommendations for personal protective measures

Local Exhaust: When mixing glazes, use sufficient local exhaust to reduce the level of respirable dust to the applicable standards set forth in Section III - ACGIH "Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practice," latest edition.

Respiratory Protection: Dust is generated when working with dry glaze. To minimize exposure to dust and/or crystalline silica (quartz), the mixing of dry glaze materials should be conducted with sufficient ventilation. Respirable dust and quartz levels should be monitored regularly. Dust and quartz levels in excess of appropriate exposure limits should be reduced by feasible engineering controls, including (but not limited to) wet suppression, ventilation, and process enclosure. When such controls are not feasible, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators must be worn in accordance with a respiratory protection program which meets OSHA requirements as set forth at 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2-1080 - "Practices for Respiratory Protection".
In most cases, a disposable N-95 Particulate Respirator is sufficient.

Eye Protection: Use NIOSH/OSHA approved safety glasses with side shields. Face shields can also be used when mixing dry glaze. Wear tight fitting dust goggles when excessively (visible) dusty conditions are present or are anticipated. NIOSH recommends that contact lenses not be worn when working with crystalline silica dust. **Skin Protection:** Use gloves and/or protective clothing if abrasion or allergic reactions are experienced.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Avoid creating and breathing dust. Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved dust mask when working in dust conditions - (N-95). Food, beverages, and smoking materials should NOT be in the work area. Persons using ceramic materials should wash thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or applying cosmetics.



Protective Clothing Pictograms

N-95 face mask

Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Physical State	Powder
Appearance	Tinted Powder
Odor	None
Odor Threshold	Not Applicable
pH	6 – 8
Solubility in Water	None
Melting Point	> 1300 °C (>2380°F)
Freezing Point	< 0 °C (<32°F)
Specific Gravity / Relative Density	2.35 g/cc
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Flash Point	Not Applicable
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not Applicable
Decomposition Temperature	Not Applicable
Flammability	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable
Vapor Density	Not Applicable
Explosive Limits	Not Applicable
Viscosity	Not Applicable
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not Applicable
Initial Boiling Point & Boiling Range	Not Applicable

Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity	Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Stable at standard temperature and pressure. No stabilizers required to maintain chemical stability.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	None known
Incompatible materials	None known
Hazardous decomposition products	None known

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Exposure	Inhalation of dust, Ingestion
Descriptions of the delayed, immediate, or chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure	
Inhalation	Inhalation of high concentrations of glaze dust may cause mechanical irritation and discomfort. Long term exposure may cause chronic effects.
Eye Contact	Not a primary eye irritant. May cause mechanical irritation.
Skin Contact/Irritation	Not a primary skin irritant. Not absorbed through skin. May cause dry skin.
Sensitization	Not a strong sensitizer.
Ingestion	Not an ingestion hazard. If a large quantity has been ingested, intestinal blockage and/or gastrointestinal irritation may result.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Chronic Effects					
OSHA Carcinogen	Lung cancer – Crystalline silica has been classified by OSHA as a human lung carcinogen.				
Mutagenic Effects	None Known				
Teratogenic Effects	None Known				
Developmental Toxicity	None Known				
Effects of Silicosis			Symptoms of Silicosis		
Bronchitis/Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disorder. Tuberculosis – Silicosis makes an individual more susceptible to TB. Scleroderma – a disease affecting skin, blood vessels, joints and skeletal muscles. Possible renal disease.			Shortness of breath; possible fever. Fatigue; loss of appetite. Chest pain; dry, nonproductive cough. Respiratory failure, which may eventually lead to death.		
Remarks					
Carcinogenicity	Repeated or long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal. Short term exposure is of little concern.				
Numerical Measures of toxicity	None Known				
OSHA, IARC, and NTP Carcinogen Classifications					
Chemical with Carcinogen Potential		CAS#	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO ₂	CAS # 14808-60-7	Yes	Yes - Group 1	Yes

Section 12. Ecological Information (non-mandatory)

Ecotoxicity	None Known
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5)	None Known
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	None Known
Products of Biodegradation	None Known
Toxicity of the products of Biodegradation	None Known
Bioaccumulation Potential	None Known
Potential to move from soil to groundwater	None Known
Other adverse effects	None Known


13. Disposal Considerations

Personal Protection	Refer to Section 8: "Recommendations for Personal Protective Measures" when disposing of glaze waste.
Appropriate disposal containers	Standard waste disposal containers – no specials requirements.
Appropriate disposal methods	Disposal of this product should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. In most cases, this is normal waste disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized. Dispose of non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.
Physical and chemical properties that may affect disposal	Glaze waste should be placed in a sealed container or in a manner that reduces or eliminates the release of the product. Packaging should be recycled before disposal.
Sewage disposal	Do not dispose of into sinks or toilets. They will clog. Never dispose of this product into a sewer system.
Special precautions for landfills or incineration activities	There are no special precautions for disposal in a landfill. This product is non-combustible and is not suitable for incineration.

Section 14. Transportation Information

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class	Packing Group Number	Bulk Transport Guidance	Special Precautions
DOT Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
TDG Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
IMDG Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act - EPA	Quartz and other chemicals are listed in the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory
California Prop. 65	 WARNING This product can expose you to quartz which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov
SARA/Title III (Emergency Planning & Community Right-to-Know Act)	This mixture contains no substances at or above the reporting threshold under Section 313, based on available data.



Safety Data Sheet

SDS prepared by Steve Davis of Aardvark Clay & Supplies

GHS – United States

Section 16. Other Information

Definitions

OSHA means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

IARC means International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP means National Toxicology Program

CAS means Chemical Abstract Service

ACGIH means American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAL-OSHA means California OSHA, most CAL-OSHA standards defer to the federal OSHA standards

OSHA means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

OSHA PEL means OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit

TWA means Time Weighted Average (average exposure on the basis of an 8h/day, 40h/week work schedule)

TLV means Threshold Limit Value - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

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